

Building Inspection Report



(Picture of the house here)

123 Anywhere Ln.

Bakersfield, Ca. 93301

Inspection Date:

Prepared For:

Prepared By:

Beasley Home Inspection

Report Number:

Inspector: Raymond Beasley

Report Overview

THE HOUSE IN PERSPECTIVE

This is a sample report, the report for you're home may have some sections either added or removed depending on the style, age, locations ect......See the general scope of the inspection attached to this sample report.

CONVENTIONS USED IN THIS REPORT

For your convenience, the following conventions have been used in this report.

Major Concern: a system or component which is considered significantly deficient or is unsafe. Significant deficiencies need to be corrected and, except for some safety items, are likely to involve significant expense.

Safety Issue: *denotes a condition that is unsafe and in need of prompt attention.*

Repair: denotes a system or component which is missing or which needs corrective action to assure proper and reliable function.

Improve: denotes improvements which are recommended but not required.

Monitor: denotes a system or component needing further investigation and/or monitoring in order to determine if repairs are necessary.

Deferred Cost: denotes items that have reached or are reaching their normal life expectancy or show indications that they may require repair or replacement anytime during the next five (5) years.

Please note that those observations listed under "Discretionary Improvements" are not essential repairs, but represent logical long term improvements.

THE SCOPE OF THE INSPECTION

All components designated for inspection in the AHIT® Standards of Practice are inspected, except as may be noted in the "Limitations of Inspection" sections within this report.

It is the goal of the inspection to put a home buyer in a better position to make a buying decision. Not all improvements will be identified during this inspection. Unexpected repairs should still be anticipated. The inspection should not be considered a guarantee or warranty of any kind.

Please refer to the pre-inspection contract for a full explanation of the scope of the inspection.

BUILDING DATA

Approximate Age: Years Old Style: Single Family

Main Entrance Faces:

State of Occupancy:

Weather Conditions: 90-95+ Degrees

Recent Rain: No Ground Cover: Dry

STANDARD RESIDENTIAL INSPECTION AGREEMENT

THIS IS INTENDED TO BE A LEGALLY BINDING CONTRACT, PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY

Client Name:	Date:
Inspection Address:	

Inspector: Raymond Beasley

SCOPE OF THE INSPECTION: The real estate inspection to be performed for Client is a survey and basic operation of the systems and components of a building which can be reached, entered, or viewed without difficulty, moving obstructions, or requiring any action which may result in damage to the property or personal injury to the Inspector. The purpose of the inspection is to provide the Client with information regarding the general condition of the building(s). Inspector will prepare and provide Client a written report for the sole use and benefit of Client. The written report shall document any material defects discovered in the building's systems and components which, in the opinion of the Inspector, are safety hazards, are not functioning properly, or appear to be at the ends of their service lives.

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The inspection shall be performed in accordance with the Standards of Practice of (AHIT), attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference, and is limited to those items specified herein.

CLIENT'S DUTY: Client agrees to read the entire written report when it is received and promptly call Inspector with any questions or concerns regarding the inspection or the written report. The written report shall be the final and exclusive findings of Inspector.

Client acknowledges that Inspector is a generalist and that further investigation of a reported condition by an appropriate specialist may provide additional information which can affect Client's purchase decision. Client agrees to obtain further evaluation of reported conditions before removing any investigation contingency and prior to the close of the transaction.

In the event Client becomes aware of a reportable condition which was not reported by Inspector, Client agrees to promptly notify Inspector and allow Inspector and/or Inspector's designated representative(s) to inspect said condition(s) prior to making any repair, alteration, or replacement. Client agrees that any failure to so notify Inspector and allow inspection is a material breach of this Agreement.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS: Client agrees what is being contracted for is a building inspection and not an environmental evaluation. The inspection is not intended to detect, identify, or disclose any health or environmental conditions regarding this building or property, including, but not limited to: the presence of asbestos, radon, lead, ureaformaldehyde, fungi, molds, mildew, PCBs, or other toxic, reactive, combustible, or corrosive contaminants, materials, or substances in the water, air, soil, or building materials. The Inspector is not liable for injury, health risks, or damage caused or contributed to by these conditions.

GENERAL PROVISIONS: The written report is not a substitute for any transferor's or agent's disclosure that may be required by law, or a substitute for Client's independent duty to reasonably evaluate the property prior to the close of the transaction. This inspection Agreement, the real estate inspection, and the written report do not constitute a home warranty, guarantee, or insurance policy of any kind whatsoever.

No legal action or proceeding of any kind, including those sounding in tort or contract, can be commenced against Inspector/Inspection Company or its officers, agents, or employees more than one year from the date Client discovers, or through the exercise of reasonable diligence should have discovered, the cause of action. In no event shall the time for commencement of a legal action or proceeding exceed two years from the date of the subject inspection. **THIS TIME**

PERIOD IS SHORTER THAN OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW.

Client acknowledges having read and understood all the terms, conditions, and limitations of this Agreement and voluntarily agrees to be bound thereby and to pay the fee(s) listed here.

This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, successors, and assigns. This Agreement constitutes the entire integrated agreement between the parties hereto pertaining to the subject matter hereof and may be modified only by a written agreement signed by all of the parties hereto. No oral agreements, understandings, or representations shall change, modify, or amend any part of this Agreement.

Each party signing this Agreement warrants and represents that he/she has the full capacity and authority to execute this Agreement on behalf of the named party. If this Agreement is executed on behalf of Client by any third party, the person executing this Agreement expressly represents to Inspector that he/she has the full and complete authority to execute this

Agreement on Client's behalf and to fully and completely bind Client to all of the terms, conditions, limitations, exceptions, and exclusions of this Agreement.

SEVERABILITY: Should any provision of this Agreement be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be either invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect, unimpaired by the court's holding.

MEDIATION: The parties to this Agreement agree to attend, in good faith, mediation with a retired judge or lawyer with at least 5 years of mediation experience before any lawsuit is filed. All notices of mediation must be served in writing by return receipt requested allowing 30 days for response. If no response is forthcoming the moving party may then demand binding arbitration under the terms and provisions set forth below.

ARBITRATION: Any dispute concerning the interpretation or enforcement of this Agreement, the inspection, the inspection report, or any other dispute arising out of this relationship, shall be resolved between the parties by binding arbitration conducted in accordance with California Law, except that the parties shall select an arbitrator who is familiar with the real estate profession. The parties agree that they shall be entitled to discovery procedures within the discretion of the arbitrator. The arbitrator shall manage and hear the case applying the laws of the State of California to all issues submitted in the arbitration proceeding. The award of the arbitrator shall be final, and a judgment may be entered on it by any court having jurisdiction. Any disputes are to be arbitrated by:

Construction Arbitration Services, Inc.

The inspection contract must be signed and returned prior to the inspection day; if the contract is <u>NOT</u> signed it may delay the inspection process and be subject to a re-scheduling fee of \$ 25.00.

Print name:	
X	Date:
Email:	Phone:

RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS OF PRACTICE – FOUR OR FEWER UNITS

Part I. Definitions and Scope

These Standards of Practice provide guidelines for a *real estate inspection* and define certain terms relating to these *inspections*. *Italicized* words in these Standards are defined in Part IV, Glossary of Terms.

- **A.** A *real estate inspection* is a survey and basic *operation* of the *systems* and *components* of a *building* which can be reached, entered, or viewed without difficulty, moving obstructions, or requiring any action which may result in damage to the property or personal injury to the *Inspector*. The purpose of the inspection is to provide the Client with information regarding the general *condition* of the *building(s)*. Cosmetic and aesthetic *conditions* shall not be considered.
- **B.** A real estate inspection report provides written documentation of material defects discovered in the inspected building's systems and components which, in the opinion of the Inspector, are safety hazards, are not functioning properly, or appear to be at the ends of their service lives. The report may include the Inspector's recommendations for correction or further evaluation.
- **C.** *Inspections* performed in accordance with these Standards of Practice are not *technically exhaustive* and shall apply to the *primary building* and its associated *primary parking structure*.

Part II. Standards of Practice A *real estate inspection* includes the *readily accessible systems* and *components* or a *representative number* of multiple similar *components* listed in SECTIONS 1 through 9 subject to the limitations, exceptions, and exclusions in Part III.

SECTION 1 – Foundation, Basement, and Under-floor Areas

A. Items to be *inspected*:

- 1. 1. Foundation *system*
- 2. 2. Floor framing system
- 3. Under-floor ventilation
- 4. 4. Foundation anchoring and cripple wall bracing
- 5. 5. Wood separation from soil
- 6. 6. Insulation
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
- 1. Determine size, spacing, location, or adequacy of foundation bolting/ bracing components or reinforcing systems
- 2. *Determine* the composition or energy rating of insulation materials

SECTION 2 – Exterior

A. Items to be *inspected*:

- 1. Surface grade directly adjacent to the buildings
- 2. Doors and windows
- 3. Attached decks, porches, patios, balconies, stairways, and their enclosures
- 4. Wall cladding and trim
- 5. Portions of walkways and driveways that are adjacent to the buildings
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. Inspect door or window screens, shutters, awnings, or security bars
 - 2. Inspect fences or gates or operate automated door or gate openers or their safety devices
 - **3.** Use a Ladder to *inspect systems* or *components*

SECTION 3 – Roof Covering

A. Items to be inspected:

- 1. Covering
- 2. Drainage
- 3. Flashings
- 4. Penetrations
- 5. Skylights
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. Walk on the roof surface if in the opinion of the *Inspector* there is risk of damage or a hazard to the *Inspector*
 - 2. Warrant or certify that roof *systems*, coverings, or *components* are free from leakage.

SECTION 4 – Attic Areas and Roof Framing

- B. Items to be *inspected*:
 - 1. Framing
 - 2. Ventilation
 - 3. Insulation
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. Inspect mechanical attic ventilation systems or components
 - 2. Determine the composition or energy rating of insulation materials

SECTION 5 – Plumbing

- B. Items to be *inspected*:
 - 1. Water supply piping
 - 2. Drain, waste, and vent piping
 - 3. Faucets and fixtures
 - 4. Fuel gas piping
 - 5. Water heaters
 - 6. Functional flow and functional drainage
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. Fill any *fixture* with water or *inspect* overflow drains or drain-stops, or evaluate backflow *devices*, waste ejectors, sump pumps, or drain line cleanouts
 - 2. *Inspect* or evaluate water temperature balancing *devices*, temperature fluctuation, time to obtain hot water, water circulation, or solar heating *systems* or *components*
 - 3. Inspect whirlpool baths, steam showers, or sauna systems or components
 - 4. *Inspect* fuel tanks or *determine* if the fuel gas *system* is free of leaks
 - 5. *Inspect* wells or water treatment *systems*

SECTION 6 – Electrical

- B. Items to be *inspected*:
 - 1. Service equipment
 - 2. Electrical panels
 - 3. Circuit wiring
 - 4. Switches, receptacles, outlets, and lighting fixtures
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. Operate circuit breakers or circuit interrupters
 - 2. Remove cover plates
 - 3. Inspect de-icing systems or components
 - 4. Inspect private or emergency electrical supply systems or components

SECTION 7 – Heating and Cooling

- B. Items to be *inspected*:
 - 1. Heating equipment
 - 2. Central cooling equipment
 - 3. Energy source and connections
 - 4. Combustion air and exhaust vent systems
 - 5. Condensate drainage
 - 6. Conditioned air distribution systems
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. Inspect heat exchangers or electric heating elements
 - 2. *Inspect* non-central air conditioning units or evaporative coolers
 - 3. Inspect radiant, solar, hedonic, or geothermal systems or components
 - 4. Determine volume, uniformity, temperature, airflow, balance, or leakage of any air distribution system
 - 5. Inspect electronic air filtering or humidity control systems or components

SECTION 8 – Fireplaces and Chimneys

- A. Items to be *inspected*:
 - 1. Chimney exterior
 - 2. Spark arrestor
 - 3. Firebox
 - 4. Damper
 - 5. Hearth extension
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. *Inspect* chimney interiors
 - 2. *Inspect* fireplace inserts, seals, or gaskets
 - 3. Operate any fireplace or determine if a fireplace can be safely used

SECTION 9 – Building Interior

- A. Items to be *inspected*:
 - 1. Walls, ceilings, and floors
 - 2. Doors and windows
 - 3. Stairways, handrails, and guardrails
 - 4. Permanently installed cabinets
 - 5. Permanently installed cook-tops, mechanical range vents, ovens, dishwashers, and food waste disposers
 - 6. Absence of smoke alarms
 - 7. Vehicle doors and openers
- B. The *Inspector* is not required to:
 - 1. Inspect window, door, or floor coverings
 - 2. Determine whether a building is secure from unauthorized entry
 - 3. Operate or test smoke alarms or vehicle door safety devices
 - 4. Use a ladder to inspect systems or components

Part III. Limitations, Exceptions, and Exclusions

A. The following are excluded from a real estate inspection:

- 1. Systems or components of a building, or portions thereof, which are not readily accessible, not permanently installed, or not inspected due to circumstances beyond the control of the Inspector or which the Client has agreed or specified are not to be inspected
- 2. Site improvements or amenities, including, but not limited to; accessory *buildings*, fences, planters, landscaping, irrigation, swimming pools, spas, ponds, waterfalls, fountains or their *components* or accessories
- 3. Auxiliary features of *appliances* beyond the *appliance's* basic *function*
- 4. *Systems* or *components*, or portions thereof, which are under ground, under water, or where the *Inspector* must come into contact with water
- 5. Common areas as defined in California Civil Code section 1351, et seq., and any dwelling unit *systems* or *components* located in common areas
- 6. *Determining* compliance with manufacturers' installation guidelines or specifications, building codes, accessibility standards, conservation or energy standards, regulations, ordinances, covenants, or other restrictions
- 7. *Determining* adequacy, efficiency, suitability, quality, age, or remaining life of any *building*, *system*, or *component*, or marketability or advisability of purchase
- 8. Structural, architectural, geological, environmental, hydrological, land surveying, or soils-related examinations
- 9. Acoustical or other nuisance characteristics of any *system* or *component* of a *building*, complex, adjoining property, or neighborhood
- 10. *Conditions* related to animals, insects, or other organisms, including fungus and mold, and any hazardous, illegal, or controlled substance, or the damage or health risks arising there from
- 11. Risks associated with events or *conditions* of nature including, but not limited to; geological, seismic, wildfire, and flood
- 12. Water testing any *building*, *system*, or *component* or *determine* leakage in shower pans, pools, spas, or any body of water
- 13. Determining the integrity of hermetic seals at multi-pane glazing
- 14. Differentiating between original construction or subsequent additions or modifications
- 15. Reviewing information from any third-party, including but not limited to; product defects, recalls, or similar notices
- 16. Specifying repairs/replacement procedures or estimating cost to correct
- 17. Communication, computer, security, or low-voltage systems and remote, timer, sensor, or similarly controlled

Systems or components

- 18. Fire extinguishing and suppression *systems* and *components* or *determining* fire resistive qualities of materials or assemblies.
- 19. Elevators, lifts, and dumbwaiters
- 20. Lighting pilot lights or activating or *operating* any *system*, *component*, or *appliance* that is *shut down*, unsafe to *operate*, or does not respond to *normal user controls*
- 21. Operating shutoff valves or shutting down any system or component 22. Dismantling any system, structure, or component or removing access panels other than those provided for homeowner maintenance

B. The *Inspector* may, at his or her discretion:

- 1. *Inspect* any *building*, *system*, *component*, *appliance*, or improvement not included or otherwise excluded by these Standards of Practice. Any such *inspection* shall comply with all other provisions of these Standards.
- 2. Include photographs in the written report or take photographs for *Inspector's* reference without inclusion in the written report. Photographs may not be used in lieu of written documentation.

Part IV. Glossary of Terms

*NOTE: All definitions apply to derivatives of these terms when *italicized* in the text.

Appliance: An item such as an oven, dishwasher, heater, etc. which performs a specific function

Building: The subject of the *inspection* and its *primary parking structure*

Component: A part of a system, appliance, fixture, or device

Condition: Conspicuous state of being

Determine: Arrive at an opinion or conclusion pursuant to a *real estate inspection*

Device: A component designed to perform a particular task or function

Fixture: A plumbing or electrical component with a fixed position and function

Function: The normal and characteristic purpose or action of a system, component, or device

Functional Drainage: The ability to empty a plumbing *fixture* in a reasonable time

Functional Flow: The flow of the water supply at the highest and farthest *fixture* from the *building* supply shutoff valve when another *fixture* is used simultaneously

Inspect: Refer to Part I, "Definition and Scope", Paragraph A

Inspector: One who performs a *real estate inspection?*

Normal User Control: Switch or other *device* that activates a *system* or *component* and is provided for use by an occupant of a *building*

Operate: Cause a system, appliance, fixture, or device to function using normal user controls

Permanently Installed: Fixed in place, e.g. screwed, bolted, nailed, or glued

Primary Building: A building that an Inspector has agreed to inspect

Primary Parking structure: A building for the purpose of vehicle storage associated with the primary building

Readily Accessible: Can be reached, entered, or viewed without difficulty, moving obstructions, or requiring any action which may harm persons or property

Real Estate Inspection: Refer to Part I, "Definitions and Scope", Paragraph A

Representative Number: Example, an average of one *component* per area for multiple similar *components* such as windows, doors, and electrical outlets

Safety Hazard: A *condition* that could result in significant physical injury

Shut Down: Disconnected or turned off in a way so as not to respond to normal user controls

System: An assemblage of various *components* designed to *function* as a whole

Technically Exhaustive: Examination beyond the scope of a *real estate inspection*, which may require disassembly, specialized knowledge, special equipment, measuring, calculating, quantifying, testing, exploratory probing, research, or analysis.

Beasley Home Inspection 3305 Colony Oak St Bakersfield, Ca 933311 Office: 661-589-5034

E-Mail: Rbinspector1@aol.com Web: www.beasleyhomeinspect.com

Invoice Date:	Invoice #:

Report #:	Inspection Date		

Description	Amount
Home Inspection	\$
Thank You!	
Raymond Beasley	
	Total Due \$
The late payment charge rate of interest is 1.5% monthly (18% per annum), after 30 days.	Balance Due \$

1.0 Structure

DESCRIPTION OF STRUCTURE

Foundation: Concrete/Slab on Grade
Floor Structure:

Wall Structure:

Ceiling Structure:

Roof Structure:

•Poured concrete
•Concrete
•Wood Frame
•Truss design
•OSB Sheathing

STRUCTURE OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

1.1 CONCRETE SLAB:

• Minor settlement cracks were observed in the garage slab, rear patio slab, and driveway concrete. This implies that some structural movement of the building has occurred. Cracks of this type should be watched for any sign of additional movement. In the absence of any sign of ongoing movement, repair should not be necessary.

<u>Poured Concrete, monolithic slab:</u> Only parts of the exterior stem wall were visible at time of the inspection. It's very common for all slabs to have some settling, shrinkage cracks over time, these type cracks are usually what is called hair line cracks and cracks smaller than a 1/8 inch. The slab inside the home or under the floor furnishings are concealed from view therefore could not be evaluated at this time.

1.2 Exterior Walls:

Common minor cracks were observed on the exterior walls of the house. This implies that structural movement has
occurred. The location, size, shape of these cracks is common. The inspection did not find evidence of significant
movement requiring immediate major repairs.

LIMITATIONS OF STRUCTURE INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Structural components concealed behind finished surfaces could not be inspected.
- Only a representative sampling of visible structural components were inspected.
- Furniture and/or storage restricted access to some structural components.
- Engineering or architectural services such as calculation of structural capacities, adequacy, or integrity are not part of a home inspection.

2.0 Roofing

DESCRIPTION OF ROOFING

Roof Covering: •Roof type: Pitch: Gable Layers: 1 Age: Years

Roof Flashings:

Chimneys:

•Metal

•None

Roof Drainage System: •None, Recommended

Skylights: •None

Method of Inspection: •Walked on roof

Solar system: None

ROOFING OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

2.0 MAIN ROOF:

• Info about the current condition of the roof.....

Roof photo's here			

LIMITATIONS OF ROOFING INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Not all of the underside of the roof sheathing is inspected for evidence of leaks.
- Evidence of prior leaks may be disguised by interior finishes.
- Estimates of remaining roof life are approximations only and do not preclude the possibility of leakage. Leakage can develop at any time and may depend on rain intensity, wind direction, ice build up, and other factors.
- Antennae, chimney/flue interiors which are not readily accessible are not inspected and could require repair.
- Roof inspection may be limited by access, condition, weather, or other safety concerns.

3.0 Exterior / Grounds / Garage

EXTERIOR DESCRIPTION / OBSERVATIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS:

3.1 Exterior Walls: Type Stucco

• Common minor cracks were observed on the exterior walls of the house. This implies that structural movement has occurred. The location, size, shape of these cracks is common. The inspection did not find evidence of significant movement requiring immediate major repairs.

•

- 3.2 Eaves, Soffits, And Fascia: Open Wood
 - Soffit screens observed to be intact and not restricted

•

- 3.3 Exterior Windows & Doors: •Solid Wood •Dual pane type windows
 - Normal operations observed
 - General cleaning and maintenance
 - Re-Key all door locks upon occupancy
- 3.4 Driveways / Entry Walkways And Patios: •Concrete
 - Typical cracks noted

•

3.5 Porches, Decks, Steps, Railings: None

•

- 3.6 Garage (Interior & Exterior) Overhead Garage Door(s): •Steel
 - Garage door remote not found or unknown

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- **3.7 Surface Drainage** •Level Grade with minor slope away from the foundation
 - Gutters are recommended to control water off roof and away from the foundation
 - Some soil and grading is recommended to prevent standing water near foundation

.

- 3.8 Fencing: Wood
 - Normal wear and tear
 - Loose posts and worn slats

3.9 Landscaping / Lawn Irrigation:

- Tested and operated from the auto timer box
- Sprinkler found to be needing some maintenance and repairs

•

Exterior photo's here		

LIMITATIONS OF EXTERIOR INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- A representative sample of exterior components was inspected rather than every occurrence of components.
- The inspection does not include an assessment of geological, geotechnical, or hydrological conditions, or environmental hazards.
- Screening, shutters, awnings, or similar seasonal accessories, fences, recreational facilities, outbuildings, seawalls, breakwalls, docks, erosion control and earth stabilization measures are not inspected unless specifically agreed-upon and documented in this report.

4.0 Electrical

DESCRIPTION OF ELECTRICAL

Size of Electrical Service: •120/240 Volt Main Service - Size:

Service Drop: •Underground

Service Entrance Conductors: •AL/Aluminum/ Copper

Service Equipment &

Main Disconnects:

•Breakers

•Located: Exterior wall of the garage

Service Grounding:

•Copper •Ground Connection Not Visible

Distribution Wiring: •Copper

Wiring Method:

Switches & Receptacles:

• Non-Metallic Cable "Romex"

• Three prong grounded type

Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters: •Present at: Kitchen, Bath, Exterior, Garage

Smoke & Carbon Detectors: •Yes (SEE INFO BELOW)

ELECTRICAL OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

4.0 MAIN PANEL:

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4.1 INTERIOR ELECTRICAL:

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4.2 EXTERIOR ELECTRICAL:

•

4.3 GARAGE ELECTRICAL:

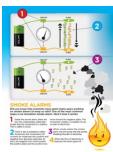
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- 4.4 ATTIC ELECTRICAL:
 - Satisfactory

IONIZATION VS PHOTOELECTRIC

The two most commonly recognized smoke detection technologies are:

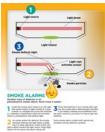
Ionization smoke detection and photoelectric smoke detection.



Ionization smoke alarms are generally more

responsive to flaming fires.

How they work: Ionization-type smoke alarms have a small amount of radioactive material between two electrically charged plates, which ionizes the air and causes current to flow between the plates. When smoke enters the chamber, it disrupts the flow of ions, thus reducing the flow of current and activating the alarm.



Photoelectric smoke alarms are generally more

responsive to fires that begin with a long period of smoldering (called "smoldering fires").

How they work: Photoelectric-type alarms aim a light source into a sensing chamber at an angle away from the sensor. Smoke enters the chamber, reflecting light onto the light sensor; triggering the alarm.

For each type of smoke alarm, the advantage it provides may be critical to life safety in some fire situations. Home fatal fires, day or night, include a large number of smoldering fires and a large number of flaming fires. You can not predict the type of fire you may have in your home or when it will occur. Any smoke alarm technology, to be acceptable, must perform acceptably for both types of fires in order to provide early warning of fire at all times of the day or night and whether you are asleep or awake.

For best protection, use both types of smoke alarm technologies

For best protection, it is recommended both (ionization and photoelectric) technologies be used in homes. In addition to individual ionization and photoelectric alarms, combination alarms that include both technologies in a single device are available.

Electrical photo's here		

LIMITATIONS OF ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Electrical components concealed behind finished surfaces are not inspected.
- Only a representative sampling of outlets and light fixtures were tested.
- Furniture and/or storage restricted access to some electrical components which may not be inspected.
- The inspection does not include remote control devices, alarm systems and components, low voltage wiring, systems, and components, ancillary wiring, systems, and other components which are not part of the primary electrical power distribution system.

5.0 Heating System

DESCRIPTION OF HEATING

Energy Source: Heating System Ty

Heating System Type: Vents, Flues, Chimneys: Heat Distribution Methods:

HEATER UNIT IS LOCATED: HEATER BRAND: M# •Gas

Forced Air FurnaceMetal-Multi Wall

Ductwork

S# AGE:

HEATING OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

5.0 HEATER / FURNACE:

• Current information about the heater goes here!

Heating unit photo's here		

LIMITATIONS OF HEATING INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- The adequacy of heat supply or distribution balance is not inspected.
- The interior of flues or chimneys which are not readily accessible are not inspected.
- The furnace heat exchanger, humidifier, or dehumidifier, and electronic air filters are not inspected.
- Solar space heating equipment/systems are not inspected.

6.0 Air Conditioning / Evaporator

DESCRIPTION OF AIR CONDITIONING / EVAPORATOR

Energy Source:

Central System Type:

Other Components:

●Electricity ●240 Volt Power Supply

Air Cooled Central Air Conditioning

•Air Handler/Fan

Other Components:

A/C UNIT TYPE: System Type:

4Air Handler/Fan
220 Volts, Freon charged unit

A/C UNIT LOCATION:

A/C UNIT BRAND: M#

\$#

AGE:

AIR CONDITIONING / EVAPORATOR OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

6.0 A/C UNIT / EVAPORATOR:

• Current info about the cooling system here!

Cooling systems photo's here		

LIMITATIONS OF AIR CONDITIONING / EVAPORATOR INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Window mounted air conditioning units are not inspected.
- The cooling supply adequacy or distribution balance are not inspected.

7.0 Attic / Insulation / Ventilation

DESCRIPTION OF ATTIC / INSULATION / VENTILATION

Attic Insulation: • R-38 Value is Approx. 12-16+ in Main Attic Loose -fill

Exterior Wall Insulation:

Vapor Retarders:

•Not accessible
•Foil/Tar paper

Roof Ventilation: •Roof Vents •Soffit venting

Exhaust Fan/vent Locations: •Roof

ATTIC / INSULATION / VENTILATION OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / ENERGY SAVING SUGGESTIONS

7.0 ATTIC INSULATION AND VENTILATION:

- Original insulation levels observed
- All insulation appears to be satisfactory
- Ventilation and circulation appears satisfactory but improvements by adding in an attic fan would help the overall energy efficiency of the home.

Attic	photo's here

LIMITATIONS OF INSULATION / VENTILATION INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Insulation/ventilation type and levels in concealed areas are not inspected. Insulation and vapor barriers are not disturbed and no destructive tests (such as cutting openings in walls to look for insulation) are performed.
- Potentially hazardous materials such as Asbestos and Urea Formaldehyde Foam Insulation (UFFI) cannot be positively identified without a detailed inspection and laboratory analysis. This is beyond the scope of the inspection.
- An analysis of indoor air quality is not part of our inspection unless explicitly contracted-for and discussed in this or a separate report.
- Any estimates of insulation R values or depths are rough average values.

8.0 Plumbing

DESCRIPTION OF PLUMBING

Water Supply Source: •Public Water Supply

Service Pipe to House: •Copper

Main Water Valve Location: ●House exterior wall

Interior Supply Piping: •Copper

Waste System: •Public Sewer System

Drain, Waste, & Vent Piping:

•ABS/DWV

Water Heater:

•Natural Gas

Gas meter /Fuel Shut-Off Valves:
•Natural Gas Main Valve at Meter

Other Components: •Backflow Preventers on Hose Bibs is recommended

•Sprinkler System

PLUMBING OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

8.0 MAIN GAS METER AND SHUT OFF:

- Gas meter present, gas was on during the inspection.
- Note: No gas pressure test was performed during the visual inspection. This is usually done by a licensed plumber or the gas company if needed. This type of service is above and beyond the general scope of a visual inspection.

8 1	WATER	HFATER	RRAND.

M# S# AGE: BTU: Gallons:

WATER HEATER FINDINGS:

•

Water heater photo's here
•

8.2 Fixtures / Faucets / Sinks / Toilets:

Tubs / showers:

Sinks:

Toilets:

•

Other plumbing photo's here			

8.3 KITCHEN & LAUNDRY:

•

8.4 WATER SUPPLY AND SEWER DRAIN PIPES:

- Satisfactory static water pressure
- Shut off valves noted at exterior wall and meter box
- Buried water and sewer line not visible or accessible during the visual inspection were not inspected tested or evaluated.

LIMITATIONS OF PLUMBING INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Portions of the plumbing system concealed by finishes and/or storage (below sinks, etc.), below the structure, or beneath the ground surface are not inspected.
- Water quantity and water quality are not tested unless explicitly contracted-for and discussed in this or a separate report.
- Clothes washing machine connections are not inspected.
- Interiors of flues or chimneys which are not readily accessible are not inspected.
- Water conditioning systems, solar water heaters, fire and lawn sprinkler systems, and private waste disposal systems are not inspected unless explicitly contracted-for and discussed in this or a separate report.

9.0 Interior

DESCRIPTION OF INTERIOR

General Condition of Interior Finishes

On the whole, the interior finishes of the home are in average condition for age. Typical flaws were observed in some areas.

General Condition of Windows and Doors

The majority of the doors and windows are good quality for age. The windows have been lacking maintenance.

9.0	WINDOWS / SHADES / BLINDS: •
9.1	DOORS /KNOBS / HANDLES / LOCKS:
9.2	WALLS & CEILINGS:
9.3	FLOORING: Wood, carpet, tile, vinyl:
9.4	LIGHTING/FANS:
	Interior photo's here

LIMITATIONS OF INTERIOR INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions

- Furniture, storage, appliances and/or wall hangings are not moved to permit inspection and may block defects.
- Carpeting, window treatments, central vacuum systems, household appliances, recreational facilities, paint, wallpaper, and other finish treatments are not inspected.

10.0 Appliances

DESCRIPTION OF APPLIANCES

✓ Disposal ✓ Oven ✓ Range ✓ Dishwasher Dishwasher Air	•	✓ Yes✓ Yes	□ No□ No	☐ Trash compactor ☐ Exhaust fan ☐ Refrigerator ☐ Microwave	Operates: ☐ Yes Operates: ☐ Yes Not evaluated Operates: ☐ Yes	
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APPLIANCES OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

10.0 OVEN/STOVE / COOK TOP:

•

• Anti-tip brackets have been required by Underwriter Laboratories (UL) and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) since June 1991 for all free-standing and slide-in stoves/ovens. Some manufacturers have incorporated anti-tip brackets into their stove designs since well before 1991. An anti-tip bracket is an "L" shaped piece of metal that should be installed at the wall/floor joint behind the kitchen stove. Modern stoves have a small groove or opening built into them so that they can slide into place over the bracket. The groove or opening can be located on the right or left of the stove's rear side (depending upon the stove's manufacturer and model). The bracket allows the oven to be slid out for cleaning or inspection behind the stove, yet prevents the stove from tipping out into the kitchen.



10.1 HOOD-VENT/MICROWAVE:

•

10.2 DISHWASHER:

• Normal operations, no leaks

10.3 DISPOSAL:

Normal operations, no leaks

•

10.6 LAUNDRY ROOM:

•

LIMITATIONS OF APPLIANCES INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions

- Thermostats, timers and other specialized features and controls are not tested.
- The temperature calibration, functionality of timers, effectiveness, efficiency and overall performance of appliances is outside the scope of this inspection.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

11.0 Fireplace & Chimney

DESCRIPTION OF FIREPLACES / WOOD STOVESCHIMNEY

Fireplaces:

Vents, Flues, Chimneys:

•

FIREPLACES / WOOD STOVES OBSERVATIONS

General Comments

On the whole, the fireplace and its components are in average condition. Typical minor flaws were observed in some areas.

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

11.0 Fireplaces

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11.2 CHIMNEY:

Fireplace and Chimney
photo's here

LIMITATIONS OF FIREPLACES / WOOD STOVES INSPECTION

As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions

- The interiors of flues or chimneys are not inspected.
- Fire-screens, fireplace doors, appliance gaskets and seals, automatic fuel feed devices, mantles and fireplace surrounds, combustion make-up air devices, and heat distribution assists (gravity or fan-assisted) are not inspected.
- The inspection does not involve igniting or extinguishing fires nor the determination of draft.
- Fireplace inserts, stoves, or firebox contents are not moved.

12.0 Swimming Pool

DESCRIPTION OF SWIMMING POOL

Pool Type:	In-ground	plaster
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Heater: •None

Filters: •Cartridge, Dirty and needs replacement

Pumps: •Satisfactory, No leaks

Blowers: •None

Valves: •Satisfactory, no leaks

Electrical Components:

Fencing:

•None

•Concrete

SWIMMING POOL OBSERVATIONS

RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

12.0. Pool interior:

•

12.1. Pool pump and filter:

•

12.2. Pool electrical:

•

Swimming pool photo's here

LIMITATIONS OF SWIMMING POOL INSPECTION

As prescribed in the pre-inspection contract, this is a visual inspection only. Inspection of pool components were limited by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

Components beneath the water level are not inspected.

Chemical composition of the water is not inspected as part of the inspection.

Underground piping or electrical components are not inspected.

Effectiveness of the filter(s) and heating system(s) are not inspected.